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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/652,834 08/31/2000		08/31/2000	Michael S. Bertone	1662-27800 (P00-3105)	4372
22879	7590	09/13/2004		EXAMINER	
HEWLETT	PACKA	ARD COMPANY	LEZAK, ARRIENNE M		
		04 E. HARMONY R			
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
FORT COLLINS. CO 80527-2400				2143	

DATE MAILED: 09/13/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/652,834	BERTONE ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Arrienne M. Lezak	2143					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	i6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE!	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	_						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau		_					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Au 1 (4)							
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO_413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5)  Notice of Informal F 6)  Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152)					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	0) [_] Ouler						

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Examiner notes that no Claims have been amended, added or cancelled.
 All Claims not explicitly addressed herein are found to be addressed within prior
 Office Action dated 31 March 2004 as reiterated herein below.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent US 6,496,917 B1 to Cherabuddi in view of US Patent 5,895,484 to Arimilli.
- 4. Regarding Claims 1, 5 and 10, Cherabuddi discloses a distributed multiprocessing computer system, comprising: a plurality of processor nodes each coupled to an associated memory module, wherein each memory module may store data that is shared between said processor nodes; a Home processor node that includes a data block and a coherence directory for said data block in an associated memory module; on Owner processor node that includes a copy of said data block in a memory module associated with the Owner processor node, said copy of said data block residing exclusively in said memory module; a Requestor processor node that encounters a read or write miss of said data

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block and requests said data block from the Home processor node; and wherein said Home processor node receives the request for the data block from the Requestor processor node, forwards the request to the Owner processor node for the data block and performs a speculative write of the next directory state to the coherence directory for the data block without waiting for the Owner processor node to respond to the request (Abstract; Col. 2, lines 66-67; and Col. 3, lines 1-35).

- 5. Though Cherabuddi discloses a system capable of speculative cache consistency through a snoop information means, Cherabuddi does not specifically teach Applicant's alternative method of a cache directory.
- 6. Arimilli specifically teaches a method and system for speculatively sourcing cache memory data, (Abstract), that includes a cache directory lookup functionality, (Fig. 2; Col. 4, lines 6-23), and the speculative sourcing of data among cache memories, (Fig. 3; Col. 4, lines 60-67 and Col. 5, lines 1-9). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention by Applicant to incorporate a speculatively updateable cache directory into the Cherabuddi system as noted within Arimilli.
- 7. The motivation to combine lies in the desirability to provide an improved sourcing scheme (method and system) for sharing data among cache memories, (Aramilli Col. 1, lines 58-67). Moreover, as noted herein, Cherabuddi does teach one of many means by which to maintain speculative cache consistency, therefore the basic functionality is already incorporated by implication. Thus, Examiner rejects Claims 1, 5 and 10 as unpatentable, finding them to be an

obvious variation in light of the combined teachings of Cherabuddi in view of Aramilli.

- 8. Regarding Claims 2 & 6, Cherabuddi and Aramilli are relied upon for those teachings disclosed herein. Cherabuddi discloses a distributed computer system wherein the speculative write of the next directory state occurs only if the next directory state cannot be determined and the Home processor node and Owner processor node are two different processor chips in the computer system, (Col. 3, lines 1-34). Arimilli specifically teaches a method and system for speculatively sourcing cache memory data, (Abstract), that includes a cache directory lookup functionality, (Fig. 2; Col. 4, lines 6-23), and the speculative sourcing of data among cache memories, (Fig. 3; Col. 4, lines 60-67 and Col. 5, lines 1-9). It would have been obvious to combine Cherabuddi and Aramilli, the motivation for which is disclosed herein above. Thus, Examiner rejects Claims 2 & 6 as unpatentable, finding them to be an obvious variation in light of the combined teachings of Cherabuddi in view of Aramilli.
- 9. Regarding Claims 3 & 7, Cherabuddi and Aramilli are relied upon for those teachings disclosed herein. Cherabuddi discloses a distributed multiprocessing computer system wherein the memory module containing the coherence directory for the data block is in a low latency state that reduces memory read and write access times while the Home processor node is performing the speculative write of the next directory state to the coherence directory for the data block, (Col. 3, lines 29-35 and Col. 4, lines 25-61). Arimilli specifically teaches a method and system for speculatively sourcing cache memory data,

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(Abstract), that includes a cache directory lookup functionality, (Fig. 2; Col. 4, lines 6-23), and the speculative sourcing of data among cache memories, (Fig. 3; Col. 4, lines 60-67 and Col. 5, lines 1-9). It would have been obvious to combine Cherabuddi and Aramilli, the motivation for which is disclosed herein above. Thus, Examiner rejects Claims 3 & 7 as unpatentable, finding them to be an obvious variation in light of the combined teachings of Cherabuddi in view of Aramilli.

Regarding Claims 4 & 8, Cherabuddi and Aramilli are relied upon for those 10. teachings disclosed herein. Cherabuddi discloses a distributed multiprocessing computer system wherein the next directory state for the data block is corrected if the response by the Owner processor node to the Home processor node request for the data block indicates a different next directory state from the next directory state speculatively written by the Home processor node to the coherence directory for the data block, (Col. 3, lines 1-35 and Col. 4, lines 25-61). Arimilli specifically teaches a method and system for speculatively sourcing cache memory data, (Abstract), that includes a cache directory lookup functionality, (Fig. 2; Col. 4, lines 6-23), and the speculative sourcing of data among cache memories, (Fig. 3; Col. 4, lines 60-67 and Col. 5, lines 1-9). It would have been obvious to combine Cherabuddi and Aramilli, the motivation for which is disclosed herein above. Thus, Examiner rejects Claims 4 & 8 as unpatentable, finding them to be an obvious variation in light of the combined teachings of Cherabuddi in view of Aramilli.

- 11. Regarding Claim 9, Cherabuddi and Aramilli are relied upon for those teachings disclosed herein. Cherabuddi discloses a distributed multiprocessing computer system wherein the speculative write of the next directory state releases hardware contained in the first processor node, allowing said first processor node to accept requests for data blocks and coherency directories for said data blocks stored in the memory module for the first processor node, (Col. 4, lines 62-67 and Col. 5, lines 1-6). Arimilli specifically teaches a method and system for speculatively sourcing cache memory data, (Abstract), that includes a cache directory lookup functionality, (Fig. 2; Col. 4, lines 6-23), and the speculative sourcing of data among cache memories, (Fig. 3; Col. 4, lines 60-67 and Col. 5, lines 1-9). It would have been obvious to combine Cherabuddi and Aramilli, the motivation for which is disclosed herein above. Thus, Examiner rejects Claim 9 as unpatentable, finding them to be an obvious variation in light of the combined teachings of Cherabuddi in view of Aramilli.
- 12. New Claims 11-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent US 6,496,917 B1 to Cherabuddi in view of US Patent 5,895,484 to Arimilli.
- 13. Regarding new Claims 11 & 14, all limitations are addressed relative to Claims 1, 5 and 10 above. Thus, Claims 11 & 14 are also rejected under the combined teachings of Cherabuddi in view of Aramilli.
- 14. Regarding new Claims 12, 13, 15 and 16, all limitations are addressed relative to Claims 4 & 8 above. Thus, Claims 12, 13, 15 and 16 are also rejected under the combined teachings of Cherabuddi in view of Aramilli.

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## Response to Arguments

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15. Applicant's arguments filed 16 January 2004, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant's arguments do not comply with 37 CFR 1.111(c) because they do not clearly point out the patentable novelty which he or she thinks the claims present in view of the state of the art disclosed by the references cited or the objections made. Further, they do not show how the amendments avoid such references or objections.

16. In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986). Examiner notes that Applicant assumes a concession on the part of the Examiner pertaining to Claim 1, which assumption would be incorrect. As noted herein above, Examiner finds that Cherabuddi discloses a system capable of speculative cache consistency through a snoop information means; however, Cherabuddi does not specifically teach Applicant's alternative method of a cache directory, which alternative method would have been obvious as noted above. Moreover, Examiner finds that it is the combined teachings of Cherabuddi in view of Arimilli that render Applicant's invention unpatentable. Clearly Cherabuddi discloses a speculation means, which means could have obviously been combined with the Arimilli system as part of either "cache housekeeping" or "updating directory of L2 cache", (Fig. 3), per Claims 5,

- 10 & 11. Per Claim 14, Examiner notes that the Cherabuddi memory means would obviously include a directory table for address location purposes. Further, Arimilli discloses directory tables, and the combination of Cherabuddi and Arimilli would have been obvious as noted herein.
- 17. Thus, as Examiner has completely addressed Applicant's amendment, and finding Applicant's arguments do not show how reconsideration avoids such references or objections, Examiner hereby maintains the rejection of all claims in their entirety.
- 18. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).
- 19. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Arrienne M. Lezak whose telephone number is (703)-305-0717. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A. Wiley can be reached on (703)-308-5221. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703)-305-3718.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)-305-6121.

Arrienne M. Lezak Examiner Art Unit 2143

**AML** 

JACK B. HARVEY
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINES